

Blue Cross Blue Shield of Massachusetts is an Independent Licenses of the Blue Cross and Blue Shield Association

Medical Policy Intracellular Micronutrient Analysis

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- Policy: Commercial
- <u>Authorization Information</u>
- <u>Coding Information</u>

Policy Number: 073

BCBSA Reference Number: 2.04.73 (For Plans internal use only) NCD/LCD: N/A

Related Policies

None

Policy

Commercial Members: Managed Care (HMO and POS), PPO, and Indemnity Medicare HMO BlueSM and Medicare PPO BlueSM Members

Description

Policy History

Intracellular micronutrient panel testing is **INVESTIGATIONAL**.

Prior Authorization Information

Inpatient

 For services described in this policy, precertification/preauthorization <u>IS REQUIRED</u> for all products if the procedure is performed <u>inpatient</u>.

Outpatient

• For services described in this policy, see below for products where prior authorization <u>might be</u> <u>required</u> if the procedure is performed <u>outpatient</u>.

	Outpatient
Commercial Managed Care (HMO and POS)	This is not a covered service.
Commercial PPO and Indemnity	This is not a covered service.
Medicare HMO Blue SM	This is not a covered service.
Medicare PPO Blue sm	This is not a covered service.

CPT Codes / HCPCS Codes / ICD Codes

Inclusion or exclusion of a code does not constitute or imply member coverage or provider reimbursement. Please refer to the member's contract benefits in effect at the time of service to determine coverage or non-coverage as it applies to an individual member.

- Information Pertaining to All Policies
- References

Providers should report all services using the most up-to-date industry-standard procedure, revenue, and diagnosis codes, including modifiers where applicable.

CPT Codes

There is no specific CPT code for this service.

ICD-10 Diagnosis Codes

Investigational for all diagnoses.

Description

"Micronutrients" collectively refer to essential vitamins and minerals necessary in trace amounts for health. Clinical deficiency states (states occurring after prolonged consumption of a diet lacking the nutrient that is treated by adding the nutrient to the diet) have been reported for vitamins A, B1, B12, C, and D, selenium, and other micronutrients. Classic nutritional deficiency diseases are uncommon in the U. S.; most people derive sufficient nutrition from their diets alone or in combination with over-the-counter multivitamins.

Laboratory tests are available for individual micronutrients and are generally used to confirm suspected micronutrient deficiencies. Testing is performed by serum analysis using standardized values for defining normal and deficient states. Also, some commercial laboratories offer panels of vitamin and mineral testing that also use serum analysis.

Diagnostic Testing

This evidence review evaluates laboratory tests that measure the intracellular levels of micronutrients. This testing, also known as intracellular micronutrient analysis, micronutrient testing, or functional intracellular analysis, is sometimes claimed to be superior to serum testing because intracellular levels reflect more stable micronutrient levels over longer time periods than serum levels and because intracellular levels are not influenced by recent nutrition intake. However, the relation between serum and intracellular levels of micronutrients is complex. The balance of intracellular and extracellular levels depends on a number of factors, including the physiology of cellular transport mechanisms and the individual cell type.

At least 2 commercial laboratories offer intracellular testing for micronutrients. Laboratories perform a panel of tests evaluating the intracellular level of various micronutrients (eg, minerals, vitamins, amino acids, fatty acids). The test offered by IntraCellular Diagnostics (EXA Test®) evaluates epithelial cells from buccal swabs and assesses levels of intracellular mineral electrolyte (ie, magnesium, calcium, potassium, phosphorus, sodium, chloride).¹.SpectraCell Laboratories offers a panel of tests that evaluates the intracellular status of micronutrients within lymphocytes in blood samples.², The micronutrients measured by the test include:

- Vitamins: A, B1, B2, B3, B6, B12, C, D, K; biotin, folate, pantothenic acid
- Minerals: calcium, magnesium, manganese, zinc, copper
- Antioxidants: a-lipoic acid, coenzyme Q10, cysteine, glutathione, selenium, vitamin E
- Amino acids: asparagine, glutamine, serine
- Carbohydrate metabolism: chromium, fructose sensitivity, glucose-insulin metabolism
- Fatty acids: oleic acid
- Metabolites: choline, inositol, carnitine

The SpectraCell micronutrient panel also may include SPECTROX[™] for evaluation of the total antioxidant function and IMMUNIDEX[™] for immune response score.

Summary

Commercial laboratories offer panels of tests evaluating intracellular levels of micronutrients (essential vitamins and minerals). Potential uses of these tests include screening for nutritional deficiencies in

healthy people or those with chronic disease and aiding in the diagnosis of disease in patients with nonspecific symptoms.

Summary of Evidence

For individuals who have chronic diseases or nonspecific generalized symptoms who receive intracellular micronutrient analysis, the evidence includes an observational study. Relevant outcomes are symptoms and change in disease status. No studies were identified that evaluated the clinical validity or clinical utility of intracellular micronutrient testing compared with standard testing for vitamin or mineral levels. Limited data from observational studies are available on correlations between serum and intracellular micronutrient levels. No randomized controlled trials or comparative studies were identified evaluating the direct health impact of intracellular micronutrient testing. Moreover, there are insufficient data to construct a chain of evidence that intracellular micronutrient testing would likely lead to identifying patients whose health outcomes would be improved compared with alternative approaches to patient management. The evidence is insufficient to determine that the technology results in an improvement in the net health outcome.

Date	Action
2/2025	Annual review. References updated. Policy statements unchanged.
1/2024	Annual review. References updated. Policy statements unchanged.
2/2023	Annual review. Description, summary, and references updated. Policy statements unchanged.
2/2022	Annual review. Description, summary, and references updated. Policy statements unchanged.
2/2021	Annual review. Description, summary, and references updated. Policy statements unchanged.
1/2020	Annual review. Description, summary, and references updated. Policy statements unchanged.
2/2019	Annual review. Description, summary, and references updated. Policy statements unchanged.
11/2011-	Medical policy ICD 10 remediation: Formatting, editing and coding updates.
4/2012	No changes to policy statements.
7/1/2012	New policy, effective 7/1/2012 describing ongoing non-coverage.

Policy History

Information Pertaining to All Blue Cross Blue Shield Medical Policies

Click on any of the following terms to access the relevant information: <u>Medical Policy Terms of Use</u> <u>Managed Care Guidelines</u> <u>Indemnity/PPO Guidelines</u> <u>Clinical Exception Process</u> <u>Medical Technology Assessment Guidelines</u>

References

- 1. IntraCellular Diagnostics. Mitochondria: Exploration of Intracellular Space. Accessed November 25, 2024. https://www.exatest.com/
- 2. SpectraCell Laboratories. Micronutrient Test. Accessed November 25, 2024. https://spectracell.sitewrench.com/search-tests
- 3. Houston MC. The role of cellular micronutrient analysis, nutraceuticals, vitamins, antioxidants and minerals in the prevention and treatment of hypertension and cardiovascular disease. Ther Adv Cardiovasc Dis. Jun 2010; 4(3): 165-83. PMID 20400494